

# Lesson 10: Power Systems II

Other Homework Due: Answers to The Practice Exercise: Power on the Space Station Subject **Description of Student Activities** Fundamentals of electricity, circuits, The first part of this class is a discussion of the students' homework induction, magnetism, assignment. This is followed by the electrical explorations. and solar cells. Main Topics Duration 20 min. Debrief Practice A piece of electrical equipment or a system consisting of an entire Exercise: Power on electrical circuit requires electrical power, measured in watts, in order to do work. Each piece of equipment creates a load when it is used. The load the Space Station 20 min Electricity cannot exceed the available power. Electricity and magnetism are closely related phenomena. Magnetism explorations 2. 5 min. Homework induces electricity in a wire. The flow of electricity through a conductor preparation creates a magnetic field. 3. Photovoltaic cells may be more or less efficient depending on several Materials factors—one of which is the angle of the light source. There are six 4. Circuits have three components: source, conductors, and load. Some explorations. Each one people include a switch in the definition. has its own set of 5. Electrical currents create magnetic fields. A compass responds to the materials and necessary earth's magnetic field. Two magnetic fields, the earth's and that formed preparation. by an electrical current, can compete for a compass's "attention." This fact may be used to "measure" an electrical current. The compass becomes a type of galvanometer. 6. Water conducts electricity. Water's conductivity is enhanced by the presence of an electrolyte in solution. 7.  $H_2O$  may be converted to  $O_2$  and  $H_2$  through the process of electrolysis. Electrolysis is used on board the space station and provides oxygen for breathing. Outcomes Special Comments: 1. The students will explain some of the uses of The electrical explorations for Lesson 9 & 10 require electricity on the space station. a good deal of teacher preparation, particularly the 2. The students will be able to compare and electrolysis exploration. We suggest that the contrast the electrical circuits on the space students focus on the main idea behind their station with those in their homes. exploration in order to be ready to describe the 3. Students will explain to each other the importance of that idea to the rest of the class. relationships between the manipulatives used in the explorations and the fundamentals of Students often benefit from structure. Help them electricity, circuits, induction, magnetism, structure the reports they will present to the rest of the class. Have them assign different students to electricity, and solar cells. make different parts of the report. Counsel them that the reports should be very brief and to the point and that at the end they should invite questions.



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#### Procedure:

(10 minutes) Debrief Practice Exercise: Power on the Space Station

Have students discuss the wattage requirements of various appliances, the local cost of electricity, and what it would cost to run different appliances for an hour (kWh). They should list items like washing machines, dishwashers, and toasters. A representative list of wattages and appliances is below.

Equipment	kW	Equipment	kW
Air Conditioner	1400-2400	Electric Water Heater	1000-1500
Blender	600	Hair Dryer	350-1500
Coffee Maker	550-1000	Iron	500-1200
CD Player & Speaker	50-100	Microwave	700-1500
Computer	50-100	Radio	50-200
Curling Iron	20-50	Refrigerator	400-1000
Dishwasher	1400	Space Heater	100-1500
Electric Broom/Vacuum	200-500	Television	200-600
Electric Drill	250-750	Toaster	750-1200
Fan	25-100	Washer/Dryer	2000-2250
Stove (Per Element)	350-1000	VCR	150-200

(10-15 minutes) Power systems hands-on explorations

Have the students meet in their 6 student groups and finish their explorations. Explain that the students will describe and explain what they observe to the rest of the class. Students complete all the steps in their explorations and address the closure questions. As the students are conducting their explorations they should be trying to explain what is happening in terms of atoms, molecules, electricity, and magnetism (technical terms they have learned). They should make sketches of what is happening to help them present the exploration to the rest of the class.

(10 minutes) Explain that each exploration is directly related to the space station. Each group should realize that it is responsible for making sure that at the end of the next class the rest of the students will be familiar with their group's exploration. Take 10 minutes and have students develop answers to the following questions. Explain that these will be turned in at the beginning of next class. The quality of the students' reports depends upon clear directions. And finally, they should decide in what way and under what conditions this exploration may be relevant to life on board Space Station Alpha.

Copy the following on paper for each group as a guide to their presentations.

<u>Report Guide</u>: Answer these Questions in your Report:

- 1. Describe the phenomena that you observe and explain what this has to do with fundamentals of electricity, circuits, induction, magnetism and electricity, or PV power generation
- 2. Describe what happens in your exploration in terms of atoms and electrons and molecules.
- 3. Describe why this happens.
- 4. If scientists were conducting this exploration as an experiment, what might they be measuring?
- 5. Describe how your exploration applies to the space station and hypothesize how it might be affected during a coronal mass ejection.

#### (Remaining time, about 10 minutes)

Begin with two student presentations at five minutes apiece. Tell the students you will finish the rest during the next class.

### Homework for Lesson 11

- Prepare for their presentation. Answers to the five questions above will be turned in.
- Complete Closure questions from their hands-on exploration
  - Read How I Discovered Air